

**DR. BELL'S PINE-TAR-HONEY**

"Ring out the old Ring in the new  
Ring out the false Ring in the true"

We bring to you the new and true from the piney forests of Norway

**DR. BELL'S Pine-Tar-Honey**

Nature's most natural remedy, improved by science to a Pleasant, Permanent, Positive Cure for coughs, colds and all inflamed surfaces of the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes.

The sore, weary cough-worn Lungs are exhilarated; the mucus-bearing mucous is cut out; the cause of that tickling is removed, and the inflamed membranes are healed and soothed so that there is no inclination to cough.

SOLD BY ALL GOOD DRUGGISTS  
Bottles Only, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 Sizes  
**BE SURE YOU GET Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey**

I AM 60 YEARS OLD, and never used any remedy equal to Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It gives relief and permanent relief in all cases of coughs and colds. It cures weak lungs strong.—Mrs. M. A. Metcalfe, Peasbush, Ky.

T. N. Cunningham, Druggist, 136 North Main Street.

**Sorcery In Cuba**

Power of the Old Man Over Black Natives. Some Strange Legends.

In a wild spot among the mountains of Pinar del Rio, which divide the cane bearing lands along the north coast of the province from the great tobacco district in the south, are the ruins of an ancient fetish temple. Years have passed since the structure was utilized as a central place of worship by the slaves from the distant plantations, and yet to this day its fast crumbling walls are jealously guarded by an aged old man, or native sorcerer. This old negro wields a strange influence over his countrymen for miles around, says Jose de Olivares in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and his few wants are never left unattended. On the contrary, should he see fit to demand it,

their utmost penny would be promptly brought and placed at his disposal, not from motives of veneration, but of abject fear, for to this crafty old individual is attributed the ability to bring about all manner of tribulation upon all who are so unfortunate as to incur his animosity. However, while by no means adverse to extortion should occasion demand it, he is generally disposed to content himself with the bare necessities of life. Strangers rarely venture to the remote haunts of this aged recluse, but the occasional traveler who chances that way must assuredly gather a strange impression from the desolated temple and its solitary, mysterious custodian. And to such a wayfarer as happens to speak the language of the island and who has the forethought to deposit a few centavos in the withered hand of the magician the latter will invariably unfold this weird story of sorcery concerning the place:

In years long past the great valleys on either side the mountain range were owned

after the manner of the slaves about him, besought the sorcerer to send the plague of drought upon all the tobacco lands to the southward. So prodigious a request, however, was not to be accorded the same. Yet in the presence of his pious, therefore the old man thought to put the applicant off by demanding of him a fee such as no ordinary slave could command. But much to his surprise the required amount was immediately forthcoming, wherefore the man commanded the land, and the drought went forth as desired.

When the other brother beheld the great disaster that had been visited upon his lands, he was sore distressed. Moreover, the time speedily came when famine brought his household face to face with death. And in the presence of his exigencies he marvelled that his slaves suffered no ill, and perceiving that they came and went at certain intervals he disguised himself, as had his brother, and followed them into the mountains. And it happened that as he reached the temple and mingled with the people therein the old man was in the very act of calling upon the frog to send the fever plague into his household. And he looked again and saw that the slave who had desired this thing was none other than his brother disguised like himself.

And when the afflicted brother understood the source of the deadly influences that were being brought against him he fled in terror from the place, and going before the governor of the island revealed to him the secret of the foolish temple and the heinous crime his brother was having brought upon him. So the governor sent forth his army to destroy the temple and to bring the offending brother to punishment. Now, it so happened that the army in entering the country passed through the persecuted brother's lands, upon hearing of which the evil brother in the north exulted greatly, believing it the result of the war plague which he had besought of the old man to bring into his brother's possessions. And that very night he again set out for the temple that he might cause his brother to be stricken with the plague of death. But even as he reached the spot he perceived that a great commotion prevailed about the temple, for the governor's soldiers were in the act of demolishing its walls. But as yet one tower remained, whereon sat the green serpent. And the old man, who had been bound by the soldiers, seeing the brother from the north approach and attributing to the latter's evil eye the dire misfortune that had come to pass, spoke his name to the serpent. And straightway the last plague which the wicked conspirator had intended should fall upon his brother was visited upon himself, and he fell dead before the wrecked temple. Moreover, declares the present aged guardian of the ruins, from that day the virtue departed from the canefields in the valley to the north and entered the great tobacco fields of the south, which even until now are the richest in the island.



CUBAN NATIVE SORCERER.

ed by two brothers, one of whom lived in the midst of his vast canefields on the one hand and the latter among his rich tobacco lands on the other. And, strange though it may seem, the brother in the north was at enmity with his brother in the south, for, notwithstanding the former's great wealth, he continually envied the other his prosperity and possessions. At that time the temple on the intervening mountain was a marvelous structure. Its tall, massive walls were covered outside with bright green plaques, while at each of the corners arose a square tower, likewise green without. At the top of each of the four towers sat a great green image, each of which was gilded with the power of a special plague. The one to the south represented a land crab controlling the plague of drought; that to the west a frog holding the fever plague; on the north an eagle bearing the plague of war, and on the east a serpent fraught with the plague of sudden death. The inner walls of this gruesome temple were the color of blood, aside from which there were no embellishments, neither tapestries nor shavings. The high priest of the set who worshipped here was a skilled old man, who alone controlled the four images on the four towers. When he spoke to the crab, the land was straightway ravaged by drought; if he invoked the frog, the people were at once stricken with the fever; when he commanded the eagle, there speedily followed war; while the mere mention of a name to the serpent resulted in instant death to the bearer thereof. And the black people from the two great valleys alone knew the whereabouts of this temple and the source of the dire afflictions which from time to time came to the island. And it was the wont of these people to assemble on certain nights of each week in the midst of the temple to perform the rites of their set and to purchase exemption and favors from the omnipotent old man. For not only did their payment of tribute render them immune to the plague, but for additional sums they were enabled to have the same visited upon such of their enemies who were without the pale of the old man's protection.

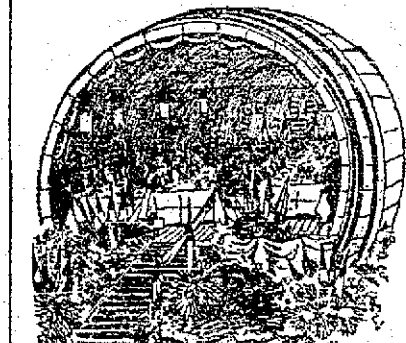
Now it happened that the brother who dwelt in the valley to the north became envious regarding the continued growth and coming of his slaves, wherefore he disguised himself one night and followed them to their mountain retreat. And learning here the secret of the four plagues, an evil impulse straightway entered his heart to have them all, one after another, inflicted upon his despised brother in the valley beyond. Therefore, biding his chance, he approached the old man and, first offering his tribute,

#### UNIQUE BANQUETING.

Over One Hundred and Fifty Guests Entertained in a Big Wine Cask.

Over 150 guests were recently entertained in a unique wine cask at Nancy, France. The great tun, which is to be one of the sights of the Paris exposition, was made to the order of M. Fruehsholz, a wealthy wine merchant. Its construction occupied the entire working time of 154 men for a whole year. It is twice the size of the famous tun in the cellar of the castle of Heidelberg, which is 36 feet long and 24 feet high and holds upward of 50,000 gallons. Some idea of the size of this tun at Nancy can be gathered when it is realized that covers were laid for 154 guests who had been invited to the feast.

To reach the interior of the great cask the guests walked up a shallow flight of stairs extending from a platform. At the bottom of the cask a floor had been laid, and the interior looked very little different from the interior of an ordinary building except for the curving formation



BANQUET IN A WINE CASK.

of the roof and sides. Tables were laid down the length of the floor, the big cask was electrically lighted, and the waiters were busily moving among the tables getting everything in readiness for the guests.

Gay bunting and flags of all nations decorated the walls and waved from the roof, and the scene was certainly not lacking in brightness when the guests had all assembled and the presiding chairman of the occasion, M. Fruehsholz, the host, made a little speech of welcome, ending by inviting the guests to lose sight of their queer surroundings for the time being and concentrate their attention on the viands. The dinner was an excellent one. Wine flowed freely, as it should do when a dinner party is given in a wine cask, and the odd nature of the feast kept every one in a continual flow of good spirits.

Get the Item. An unsophisticated Windham (Me.) man, who had employed a Portland lawyer for some time, was surprised at the amount of the bill sent him and demanded an itemized bill. To his great surprise, when he got it he found that \$3 had been added, as follows: "To work of itemizing," \$3.

**WIND LYRICS.**

East wind—  
Through gates of pearl, with sapphire set,  
I steal at dawn to fly, while yet  
The clouds with silver dew are wet,  
On wings that brush the morning star  
Of song afar.

North wind—  
From fields of frozen stars I blow,  
I bear the fragile flowers of snow  
That fall upon the earth below,  
With pure celestial lips to bring  
In soft caress.

South wind—  
On wings of perfume, born of spring,  
Sweet memories of the south I bring;  
From birds and blossoms pluck that ding  
To leave'n their glances in an ecstasy  
Of melody.

West wind—  
Back through the gates of gold and rose,  
Where late the stars of evening glow,  
I slip before the evening's close,  
On pinions woven of a sigh,  
Into the night I seem to die,  
But, hush! The night will soon pass by,  
Before the dawn, when morning breaks,  
The east wind wakes.

—Carrie L. Ward in Dandelion.

#### FIRST AMERICAN PATENT.

Granted at Boston in 1648 and Called a Monopoly.

To the general court of Massachusetts belongs the honor of granting the first American patent. This was in 1648 and was then designated as a monopoly. It was confined to the region controlled by Massachusetts, and the one issue apparently included all the invention of the inventor connected with engines that depended upon water for their motive power. The limit of the monopoly was 14 years, and the court not only retained power to forbid exportation, but to prevent exorbitant charges upon the public for their use.

The patent was issued in this form: "JENKES MONOPOLY."

"At a general Court at Boston the 6th of the 3th Mo 1648. The court considered ye necessity of raising such manufactures of engines of mills to go by water for speedy dispatch of much work with few hands, and being sufficiently informed of ye ability of ye petitioner to performe such workes grant his petition (yet no Other per shall set up or use any such new invention, or trade for 14 years without ye license of him the said Joseph Jenkes) so far as concerns any such new invention, & so it shall be always in ye power of this corte to restrain ye exportation of such manufactures & ye prizes of such to moderation if occasion so require."

This inventor, Joseph Jenkes, or Jenks, as it would now be spelled, came from Hammermith, England, settled in Lynn in 1643 and died in 1682. He was 81. He was a blacksmith and machinist, made the dies for the coining of the "Pine Tree" money and built the first fire engine in this country, altogether a man of great inventive genius and the ancestor of a large number of descendants. One of his sons removed to Rhode Island, where he built several mills.—Boston Transcript.

#### An Absentminded Bridegroom.

Robert Dewar, brother of Lord William Dewar, the British scientist who was the first experimenter to liquefy air, is a remarkably absentminded man. It is said that on one occasion he left his home early one morning and repaired to the house of a friend, in which there was a fine library to which he had access. That afternoon his relatives and friends searched the neighborhood in vain for him. At length he was run down in this library. By his side was a new suit of clothes.

"It's a nice man you are," ironically said the spokesman.

"What's the matter now?" returned Robert irritably.

"Your bride and the preacher are waiting for you this two hours. Don't you know this is your wedding day, man?"

"I declare," said the groom, "I'd forgotten all about it! Wait till I dress, and I'll go along with you."—Saturday Evening Post.

#### A Just Rebuke.

A young and newly married couple were entertaining their friends, and among the guests was one whose continued rudeness made him extremely objectionable to the rest of the company. He was put up with for some time, until at supper he held up on his fork a piece of meat which had been served to him, and in a vein of intended humor he looked round and remarked:

"Is this pig?"

This immediately drew forth the remark from a quiet looking individual sitting at the other end of the table:

"Which end of the fork do you refer to?"—Spare Moments.

#### Wave Clouds.

The atmospheric ocean surrounding the earth is frequently disturbed by gigantic waves, which are invisible except when they carry parts of the air, charged with moisture, up into a colder atmospheric stratum, where sudden condensation occurs. In this manner long, parallel lines of clouds sometimes make their appearance at a great height, marking the crests of a ripple of air waves running miles above our heads.

#### Extent of His Superstition.

"Are you superstitious?"

"To a certain extent."

"What do you mean by that?"

"Well, I should hesitate to pass under a ladder if there was a man with a pot of paint at the top of it."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Since time is not a person, we can overtake when he is gone let us honor him with mirth and cheerfulness of heart while he is passing.—Goethe.

It is in the cow's mouth that y find true equality. There you will no upper set.—Boston Transcript.

## Catarrh Leads to Consumption.

### A Forerunner of the Most Fatal Disease.

Though its offensive features are sometimes almost unbearable, few people are aware of the danger of which Catarrh is the forerunner. Catarrh invariably leads to Consumption. Growing worse and worse each winter, those who rely upon the usual treatment of sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures find that it is impossible to check the disease with these local applications which only reach the surface. The offensive discharge increases all the while, causing a feeling of personal defilement, and gets deeper and deeper until it is only a question of a short time until the lungs are affected.

The importance of the proper treatment can therefore be readily appreciated. But no good whatever can be expected from local applications, as such treatment never did cure Catarrh, and never will.

#### An Act of Bravery.

A fresh story of a naval officer's courage in the Philippines is brought to Washington by Surgeon Stone, late of the Bennington, who is now in the city, says the Washington Star. Its hero is Lieut. Emory Winship, also of the Bennington, and now on leave in this country, recovering from the effects of five Mauser bullets gathered in various parts of his anatomy while saving a landing party of 125 men from being cut up by a regiment of Filipinos. Winship's exploit dates back to last March, but it is characterized by those who saw it as the equal of anything done by Ensign Davis of the Helena, who took a machine gun ashore early in February and fought with the land forces in the battle of Calocan and the vicinity. It will be remembered that Ensign Davis and his gun played an important part in capturing half a dozen Filipino positions, and that he was subsequently advanced ten numbers in his grade on recommendations of Gen. Otis and MacArthur and of Admiral Dewey. Winship has been advanced from assistant engineer to lieutenant, and at last accounts had got rid of all but two of his Mauser souvenirs. It happened shortly after the bombardment of Malabon, about March 5, that Admiral Dewey expressed a wish for some photographs of the earthworks and houses that had been struck by the ten-inch shells from the Monadnock. Commander Tausig said that if he were allowed to land a few boatloads of men he could get all the photographs wanted. It was believed at that time that the hostiles had all vacated that part of the shore, so permission was given to land a party. Several boats with between 125 and 150 men started ashore and on landing made for an old church which was the chief object of interest. A false idea of security led them to advance very carelessly, throwing out no advance and taking nothing but their side arms. Only a boat guard of two men under Winship was left to keep up steam in the launch which had towed the landing party, but fortunately the launch had a small automatic gun mounted forward and Winship was well acquainted with its working. The landing party had gone inland some little distance, when they were surprised by a whole regiment of Filipinos, who suddenly appeared out of the jungle. The natives advanced on the run, shooting wild, but confident of cutting off the whole party. Those ashore expected little else, but seeing it was a case of a foot race or a funeral, they doubled back for the boats, yelling lustily. That was when Winship came on in a star part. He unlimbered his machine gun on the Filipinos, calculating closely, so as not to enfilade his own comrades. It was practically one man against a thousand and the natives came on with a rush, hoping to put the lone gunner out of action before his fellows could reach the launch. Winship received the bulk of their fire, thereby also contributing to the safety of the landing party, and he stood up to his work. He was struck five times—once in the shoulder, the arm, the hip and twice in the leg. He braced himself and continued to train the gun while his men fed it ammunition. Thirty Filipinos dropped under his fire before the little jungle men decided they had enough. Their rush was checked and then they ran, pursued by the relentless fire of Winship's lone gun. The retreating boat crews reached the shore just in time to see Winship sink down in the bow of the launch. The closest estimate that could be made of the enemy's loss was about sixty killed and wounded. Commander Tausig said that but for Winship the entire landing party would have been cut off. The young assistant engineer was taken back to the Bennington, where he was patched up temporarily and subsequently sent back to Washington, where he passed his examination for promotion with two Mauser bullets still in him. But the examining board said they did not seem to disagree with him at all.

#### GET INSIDE.

Your Friends and Neighbors in Lima Will Show You How.

Rubbing the back won't cure backache.

A liniment may relieve but can't cure.

Backache comes from the inside, from the kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills get inside.

They cure sick kidneys.

Here is Lima proof that this is so.

Mrs. M. Myers of 718 West Elm street, says: "There was a constant, dull, aching pain through my back; I could not rest in any position either sitting, lying or standing and at times was so lame and sore all over that I could hardly get up or down. The secretions from the kidneys were highly colored and deposited a heavy sediment. I suffered terribly from sick headaches and felt at times as though I could not get better. I was advised by friends to try Doan's Kidney Pills and acting on their advice I procured a supply at Melville's drug store. I soon noticed a decided improvement. After completing a course of the treatment I was entirely cured, and there has been no return of the trouble since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

#### Massachusetts Municipal Ownership.

All cities in Massachusetts of 20,000 or more population own and operate their waterway systems with the single exception of Somerville, which owns the distributing system only. Most of the smaller cities and larger villages have also done away with private enterprise in this direction. Municipal ownership in this particular has made a greater advance in Massachusetts than in any other state.

#### CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Has the Signature of

Wm. D. Druggist

#### Women Freemasons in France.

French women have the privilege of being enrolled as Freemasons, and, indeed, if they choose, they can join a lodge open to both sexes, which has for grand mistress a lady named Mme. George Matin. The mixed lodge is only some six years old and already numbers 200 members, two-thirds of these being women. Perhaps one inducement for French women to become Freemasons is that they are entitled to wear the same gay insignia, although their alleged reason is that it prevents husband and wife from drifting apart.

#### What We Eat

Is intended to nourish and sustain us, but it must be digested and assimilated before it can do this. The other words, the nourishment contained in food must be separated by the digestive organs from the waste materials and must be carried by the blood to all parts of the body. The reason for the great benefit which so many people derive from Doan's Sarsaparilla is in the fact that this medicine gives good digestion and makes pure, rich blood. It restores the functions of these organs which convert food into nourishment. It gives strength to nerves and muscles. It also cures dyspepsia, indigestion, rheum, boils, sores, pimples, and eruptions, catarrh, rheumatism and all diseases that have their origin in impure blood.

WHEN INSURED IN THE

**"NORTHWESTERN"**

You can rest assured that you are Insured . . . . .

**O'CONNER BROS.**

GENERAL AGENTS.

O'Conner Block, Lima, Ohio.

R. E. DAVIS, E. L. THOMAS, Special Agents.

FLORIDA NEW ORLEANS

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON BY THE SHORT LINE TO Cincinnati and the South

DIRECT CONNECTION MADE AT CINCINNATI FOR

LEXINGTON LOUISVILLE ASHEVILLE KNOXVILLE CHATTANOOGA CUBA MEMPHIS ATLANTA JACKSONVILLE ST. AUGUSTINE TAMPA

Fast Trains  
Cafe Dining Cars  
Palace Sleeping Cars

J. C. WINANS, District Pass. Agt., Toledo, O.

**PISO'S CURE** for Consumption

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

I began using Piso's Cure 13 years ago, and believe it saved me from consumption. My child is subject to Croup. Piso's Cure always relieves him.—Mrs. B. CRANDELL, Mannsville, Ky., July 9th, 1899.

PISO'S CURE FOR THE BEST COUGH SYRUP. The Best Cough Syrup. The Best Cough Syrup. The Best Cough Syrup. Sold by Druggists.

The Piso Company, Warren, Pa.

**Smith's, Grocer.**

219 N. Main, Maily Bk.

**Purity Butterine,** Always on hand.

Dried Peaches, 10 cents, Cranberries, 8 and 10 cents per qt. Pure Maple Syrup. Currants 8c per pound.

**MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS**

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls and women, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. \$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts., Lima, Ohio.



## THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL. CO.

OFFICE—THIRD BUILDING,  
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.  
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

## COUNTY STATIONER

J. C. CHENEY will be a candidate for re-election to the office of COUNTY STATIONER on the Democratic ticket and just to the election of the Democratic primary, April 21, 1900.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. E. WHEELOCK as a candidate for COUNTY STATIONER on the Democratic ticket and just to the election of the Democratic primary, April 21, 1900.

As representing a party run on strictly business methods, wasn't Secretary of the Treasury Gage doing good business when he favored that bank whose directors subscribed most generously to the McKinley campaign fund in 1896?

Senator Marchant has introduced a two-cent railway fare bill. It provides for a bureau of railroad companies by which interchangeable mileage books for 500 and 1,000 miles shall be sold at the two-cent rate, to be used by any one person, or by any member of a family, corporation or firm, with each mileage ticket shall be issued a book to hold it, to each person by whom it is to be used, and when presented for fare it shall be endorsed in this book. The book must contain a photograph of the person using it, and its use by any other person is made a misdemeanor.

In our issue of Friday, March 24, 1899, there appeared an article entitled "Grand Opening of Porter's Music Store Held Seventeen Years Ago." This publication was a paid advertisement prepared by Porter & Son and was published by us as such, without any knowledge of the facts stated in it. We desire to state that the quoted allusions to W. E. Wheelock and the Weber Piano have been found by us to be wholly without foundation. In fact, Mr. Wheelock is the president of the Weber Wheelock Co. which company (capitalized at \$600,000) now owns and operates the original and expensive Weber factory plant in New York City and controls the exclusive right to manufacture the Weber piano originated and perfected by Albert Weber, senior, and popularly known as the "Old Weber."

We take pleasure in stating to our readers that after a careful investigation we are fully assured that the Weber piano, as now manufactured, fully sustains the high reputation established for it by the founder of the company.

The Times-Democrat takes pleasure in making this correction in justice to the Weber-Wheelock company.

New Cases of Smallpox. Indianapolis Jan. 19.—The state board of health received word that 15 new cases of smallpox had appeared in Clay county. It was also said that the quarantine regulations were not being strictly observed.

Liquor Dealers Assign. Boston, Jan. 19.—Davis & Drago, wholesale liquor dealers, have filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, \$32,165; assets, \$18,323.

Kipling's Trip. London, Jan. 19.—Rudyard Kipling and his family will sail for Cape Town on the next boat.

## TACTICS OF THE BOERS.

Favorable Comments Made by British War Correspondents.

MEASURES TAKEN AT STORMBERG.

Good Work of the Boers' Intelligence Department—Their Peculiarities as Fighting Men—Boers' Strange Ideas of Britain's Resources—Some Marvellous Recoveries From Wounds.

The English correspondent, writing from the front, moralizes in the following fashion upon English and Boer methods in the present campaign, says the London correspondent of the New York Sun:

"When the story of the war comes to be written, it will be of the utmost interest if some writer who tells it will explain why the Boers have always chosen the hills and the British as invariably kept to the plains. Why, at Ladysmith, for example, we did not take the trouble to fortify one single commanding eminence, but with unparalleled generosity left them all for the enemy. Is the reason because we like these picturesque displays of storming hills and precipices? During those six weeks while General Gatacre was organizing his corps, with his base at Potterskraal, the burghers were gathering about the kopjes of Stormberg. They could have blown up the railway or cut the telegraph wires when I was there, but they were much wiser than to give us notice of their presence. These are the last things the Boers do. Their procedure is very simple and intelligent. First, a small body, all mounted, of course, appears and surveys the ground. Then, having decided on the best place to defend, because attack is no part of their system, they slowly cut their trenches, or trenches, raise their embankments and bring their guns, the commands converging in the night from various positions."

"When all is ready and they wish us to throw our men against these natural and artificial fastnesses, they cut the railway, blow up a bridge or a culvert and await the attack. For some reason—most likely because our force has been too small and gathering intelligence in a country where we have few friends and many enemies is an extremely difficult matter—we have never in one single instance caught the Boers in the act of assembling on the hills or, so far as I can ascertain, assailed their position before it was complete. I fear one must admit they are a little too 'shut' for us. Thus it was that when they had completely fortified Stormberg, concentrated their men, got their guns into position and everything prepared they blew up a culvert and portion of the railway at Steynsburg, as if to say politely to General Gatacre: 'Now, sir, we are ready. Come on!' And the general did come on. Unfortunately he did not know nearly as much of the Boer position and numbers as I warrant their knew of his."

Indeed, it seems pretty clear that from first to last the Boers' intelligence department has defeated nearly all attempts on the part of the British commanders to keep their plans and movements to a great extent to the fact that, though the British troops have from the outset been operating on British territory, none the less they have been in a hostile country, the majority of whose inhabitants desire to help the enemy in any way that is possible.

"Moreover," as the correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph points out, "it would surpass the wit of man to prevent them knowing our movements, if not our intentions. The Boer soldier has no uniform. He dons his bandolier, lays down his rifle, pulls the little badge off his slouch hat, and he can walk into Queenstown or even Potterskraal camp and ask if they want to buy oxen or mules without being suspected. He may be known to any number of burghers, but they will not betray him. On the other hand, the Boers at Stormberg took most effective measures to conceal everything. In the east there are certain holy places where none but the faithful may enter. The Boer camp was carried on upon these lines. Not even a Boer who came inside was allowed to leave. He had to shoulder a rifle and fight. The next best thing to keeping your enemy in the dark is to find out in good time that he is informed. Our unfortunate general could not do even that, for he did not know where the enemy was nor what his strength and, when marching with nonchalant stride beneath Rooikop, was not aware that more muskets than he had men were taking aim at his long drawn out column of fairs."

The following is an "appreciation" of the Boers, written by one of the Australians at the front:

"Fresh men are swarming up every day to strengthen Methuen, while down from his lines at short intervals the Boer prisoners are coming in, looking gloomy, sullen and vindictive. A big percentage of them have a strong dash of nigger blood in them, and that class struck me as being particularly vindictive, and I would not give much for a man's life if he fell into their hands, either wounded or otherwise. The Boers themselves are a better class. The young ones are rather slighty and given to brag, but the old men are rough, rugged, game looking fellows, who look like hunters who are well used to hardships and are ready to let their rifles take care of their heads. This latter kind is the backbone of the Boer forces. I doubt if they will be easily subdued. They have little knowledge of Britain's boundless resources, and the way we

are pouring troops in is a source of endless wonder to them. They seem to fancy that the whole British nation is 'trekking' here for the purpose of staying on the soil if they can conquer it. They often ask when the women and children will be coming over. It is impossible to convince these old backwoods men that the troops here are only a portion of our army and have nothing to do with the general population of our country. When I tell them this sort of thing, they simply shake their heads with a knowing smile and say: 'Oom Paul Kruger knows better than that. We will kill most of the English and take Cape Town yet, for we have God and our rifles with us.'

"It is useless to argue with an old Boer. One might as well try to expound Euclid to a cross-eyed camel. Both would listen to you, but neither would profit by your labor. The camel would chew the cud, and the Boer would chew tobacco, and both would expectorate freely as soon as you left, and nothing further would come of it. I know the class. We have something very similar among the old German settlers in the backbacks of Australia. An emu is more amenable to reason than they are, and no man ever lived who could knock sense into an emu."

A few interesting stories come in from time to time from the hospitals. One correspondent writes from Orange river:

"The Boer prisoners in hospital still continue to prosper and wax fat. I was speaking to one of them the other day. He was an exceedingly interesting man, and the half hour's conversation was most instructive to me. He was educated at Stellenbosch, the Cape Dutch university center, and was one of the last men one would imagine to have any mistaken notion as to Britain's resources, and yet, he informed me, he had been under the impression that the English army consisted of 6,000 soldiers."

"But surely," I argued, 'you must know that the British army consists of more than 6,000!' You read the papers. You have a knowledge of the world."

"My friend the Boer prisoner, shook his head with a wise smile."

"I have seen only accounts of a big English army in the English papers. What would be easier than for your commander in chief to put down an extra hundred thousand troops on paper? If you live so many troops, why are you sending to India, and Australia and China, for assistance? I did not attempt to explain."

Another correspondent gives some cases of wonderful recovery, saying: "Many of the cures and recoveries of this campaign are astounding. One case I would not venture to relate on my own authority, and I cite for it Surgeon Cunningham, correspondent of The Lancet, who is sending an account of it to that journal. A bullet entered the side of the skull to the rear of the temple, penetrated diagonally downward and emerged from the opposite cheek. The chances against such a wound not being fatal are millions to one, but the patient is recovering merrily. In a second case a Mauser bullet passed through the lower part of the body from front to back. The patient is about, and I am told will suffer no permanent injury. Mr. McLaughlin of Johannesburg and of the Imperial Light horse was badly hurt at Elands laagte. He fell lay all night unconscious, was found next morning by a doctor who knew him, ghined to the ground by his own blood. The kindly medico gave him some morphine and sent him to the hospital, hardly expecting to see him alive again. A friend of mine met Mr. McLaughlin in Durban a short time ago, looking as fit as ever and only anxious to get back to the front again. One such experience would have been enough for most people. Verily there is a strange fascination about war."

TO CULTIVATE STAGE ART.

Novel Organization Formed by Women of Baltimore.

At a gathering of progressive women of Baltimore recently at the home of Mrs. Wilson Patterson the Dramatic Art association a club that is a pioneer in its line, was organized, says the New York World. Mrs. Fannie Franklin was chosen president and Mrs. George Whitlock chairman of the committee on dramatic literary criticism. Richard Mansfield sent a letter commending the objects of the club and promising to deliver an address to the members. Miss Ellen Terry also sent a letter of approval.

The object of this association is to make a study of dramatic art with a view toward self education. Eminent critics, scholars and professors of dramatic art will be asked to speak before the club.

Theatrical stars visiting the city and these eminent in dramatic literature will be entertained by the club, and every effort will be made to stimulate appreciation of good plays and players.

Big Game in the Northwest.

Walter Jay of Whitehouse was in Winnipeg recently on business, says the Winnipeg Telegram. He said that moose, jumping deer and red deer were particularly plentiful in his district this year and that one cannot travel through the country without seeing some of them. The light snowfall shows their footprints to be almost as plentiful as those of rabbits.

Not Speaking For the English.

General Joubert said the other day that Iddide shells had done no harm whatever to his forces. Is that why Krupp has turned out 45,000 of the harmless articles for him?—Philadelphia Ledger.

Queer Cab Fine in Washington.

A hack driver has just been fined in the police court for maintaining an unsightly vehicle in the public service.—Washington Star.

## BONES OF ABORIGINES.

Remains of Lost Race in South Dakota to Be Exhumed.

NEW ARCHAEOLOGICAL SCHEME.

Company Formed to Investigate the Graves and Mounds of Early Inhabitants—Burial Places the Only Evidence—Some Ancient Pottery Found on a Farm.

A movement is on foot in this section of the state to organize a company for the purpose of bartering in aboriginal skeletons and implements, writes the Sioux Falls correspondent of the Chicago Record. Throughout the state of South Dakota are a large number of ancient burial places, many of them estimated to be several thousand years old. Even the newest of them the Sioux Indians know nothing about, as they were old when the Sioux occupied the country 100 years ago. Many of these ancient burial places belong to the mound builders and therefore are so old that there is nothing to be found in them save implements of copper and stone, the skeletons and shell ornaments having almost entirely returned to clay. But the larger part being of a unique character which occupied the country prior to the Sioux Indians.

Who these people were is not known, and we have no legends or traditions that in any way may aid in assigning them to their proper place. Along every water course in the state are evidences of a great population which must have been an agricultural people because Dakota has never been overgrown with timber and therefore, did not at any time have supported so large a population by the chase. Whence a race of ground in cultivation will easily support 100 people.

These lost people were not much advanced in architecture as to works of stone have been found, and evidences show that their habitations must have been of earth and wood. They could not have been warriors, because no evidences of fortifications or defensive works have been found in the state.

Their principal places of residence are easily determined by the large number of graves located in low positions, upon the rocky bluffs and hill tops, ground which is suitable for nothing but pasture and therefore the graves have not been disturbed. The principal sites are in Jon hills, Westmoreland hills, Bee hills, the buttes in the northern part of the state and the bluffs and headlands along the Missouri, James and Sioux rivers and the Rock river in Iowa. Old settlers say that many of these graveyards were found on the lowlands where the country was first settled, but that they have been plowed up by the homesteaders and are lost to the archeologist.

At Larchwood, Ia., is an ancient graveyard on low ground which fortunately has not suffered from the plow. It is said that there are over 500 graves at that place. A few of them were opened last summer by local investigators and many valuable implements obtained. Between Sioux Falls and Sioux City are numerous ancient graveyards and also several large mounds, the work of the mound builders.

In Cherry township, Jerauld county, S. D., on the farm of C. M. Cherry was found a place where a large amount of pottery had been made. The site was at the base of a bluff of the Westmoreland hills, and near by was found the place from where the clay was obtained for the pottery. The place where the pottery was made was covered by about six inches of black loam, which has accumulated since the work was abandoned and was discovered while spading up the ground for a garden. The fireplace was clearly indicated by a circular place about six feet in diameter, which was composed of nothing but ashes, but around this for the space of two or three rods Mr. Cherry spaded up bushels of broken pottery, it undoubtedly having been broken in baking and thrown away. Only a few whole vessels were obtained, but it is said these have since been destroyed. The ornamental work on the ware and on the broken pieces shows it to have been the work of the mound builders.

There are thousands of graves in the Westmoreland hills, and many of them were made by digging three feet deep, placing flat stones on edge and then covering them with flat stones, after which the grave was filled with earth and stones. Graves of this character are found in southern Illinois and are supposed to belong to the mound builders. Altogether South Dakota presents a very promising field for the archeologist and one which has not been worked.

In the proposed company are several gentlemen who enter it more from the love of archeology than for any remuneration, although it is believed by the promoters that enough can be realized from the sale of curios and skeletons to make the work very profitable, as there will be no outlay except for labor in exhuming them, which will not be large, as the graves are shallow. The work is to be put under supervision of those of the company who are versed in archeology, and for this reason nothing will be lost to the antiquarian.

Undoubtedly much light will be given on this unknown people, as the climatic conditions of the state are such as to preserve to a remarkable degree their skeletons and utensils. The company expects to be ready for operations as soon as the ground will permit in the spring. Already the right has been obtained to the contents of several of these ancient burial places.

## NOVEL FARM IN COLORADO.

Remedy For the Invasion of the State by Consumptives.

The People of Colorado are becoming alarmed at the invasion of their state by consumptives, and Denverites are formulating a scheme for their case, which will require an enormous sum of money, but which, they believe, will be advantageous in the end.

Many physicians are of the opinion that the life of a consumptive coming from the east to this altitude is but slightly prolonged unless all the time possible is spent in the open air and at some manual labor. So for several months a party of prominent and wealthy citizens of Denver have been quietly at work securing options on lands near the city, which will be improved and turned into small fruit and garden ranches for the use of men and women afflicted with weak lungs, says the Denver Post. It is the intention of those who have the work in charge to secure between 4,000 and 5,000 acres. A large amount of money has already been secured, but a still larger sum will be required.

Of this a considerable portion has been pledged. Within a very short time the association in whose name the land will be held will be incorporated. The main object of the association is to get consumptives out of Denver and the other cities of the state, giving them a light employment that will make them self supporting. The object is charity on the most liberal scale, because every endeavor will be put forth to make the sick well and to keep sickness from the healthy. The scheme is based upon the fact that few consumptives coming to Colorado get the benefits that the dry and rarefied atmosphere affords because they sit still and expect the climate to cure them. The mistaken impression prevails that the utmost tranquillity accomplishes the most good, when the fact is that in Colorado more exertion is necessary than in other sections to fill the cells of the lungs with the air that will in time heal the diseased parts.

The intention is to furnish a means whereby a man or woman in secure the best food accommodations and medical attendance for from \$5 to \$1 a week and can if they are able, earn enough or more to pay their expenses. Plans are being made to find employment for the women who are now in the colony, but as yet nothing definite has been decided upon.

ESCAPED FROM FILIPINOS.

Thrilling Story of the Adventures of Two American Sailors.

Benjamin J. Green, clerkship and George M. Powers, first class apprentice, the sole survivors as far as known of the ill-fated American gunboat, L. R. Dana, arrived at Manila recently on board the Oregon, says a Vancouver (B. C.) dispatch to the New York World. They tell a thrilling tale of their sufferings and adventures since the disaster to the gunboat. The L. R. Dana, with a crew of 12 men, was engaged in patrolling the rivers and creeks at the mouth of Manila bay toward Bacolor. While patrolling, near Orani, she got aground on a sand bank. The natives, sent word of her plight to the insurgent troops at Orani, and before the crew could float her an insurgent force arrived and opened fire on them, wounding most of the crew at the first volley. Lieutenant Wood who was in command, was wounded in three places.

Seeing that the vessel was doomed, the lieutenant ordered the ship lowered to make a dash down stream, but it was riddled while being lowered, and Lieutenant Wood died while being lifted in. By this time seven of the crew had been killed or disabled, only Green, Powers and three others remained alive, and the insurgents waded in and overpowered them.

A few days later, when the Oregon was seen approaching, the men made a dash for liberty, but were recaptured and sentenced to death. The execution was to take place at daylight, but in the night they managed to escape into the forest. Hearing pursuers, Green and Powers climbed into a tree and hid in the dense foliage. What became of the other three is not known. Next morning the Filipinos were gone, and the men came down. After traveling two days without food they reached the coast and were taken on board the Oregon.

KRUGER TO HIS GENERALS.

Urges Them to Trust in the Lord and Continue to Fight.

A dispatch from Pretoria via Lourenço Marques to the New York Sun states that the Transvaal government is feeding 15,000 British subjects.

President Kruger has issued a circular letter to the Boer generals urging them to trust in the Lord and to display zeal and promptitude. He says: "Through the blessing of the Lord our great cause has been carried to such a point that with energy we may expect a successful issue. Read Psalm xxviii. The enemy have fixed their faith on Psalm lxxviii. Do not forget the enemy. Create devastation wherever you go in Cape Colony. They seize soil or destroy the goods of the Afrikaners. In the Free State they lay waste farms."

President Kruger hints the destruction of the British to an attack of the devil on Christ's church and says: "I am searching the entire Bible and can find no other way possible than that adopted by us. We must continue to fight in the name of the Lord."

A Busy General.

The English will never be able to defeat a general who fights six days in the week and preaches to his soldiers on Sunday as Joubert does.—Denver Post.

## The Mammoth. The Twentieth Century Store.

The man who buys an Overcoat now uses good judgment, as the advancing cloth market will entail an additional cost of at least fifty per cent. To-day we offer you more opportunities in Overcoats. All kinds of Overcoats—cheap, medium and fine, the finer the quality the greater the inducement.

\$5, \$6.50,  
\$7.50, \$8.90  
\$10, \$12.50.

These prices will buy truly remarkable values at the The Mammoth Store.

Boys' and Children's Overcoats and Reefers all go the same way as the Men's Coats.

Big Values in Underwear for Men.

The Mammoth.

It's Not Often That you find a Shoe like this FOR MEN!

Only found in Lima at...

GOODING'S 230 N. Main St.

WANTED.

FOR SALE—Ladies and childrens wraps from \$1.00 to \$5.00. Inquire at 400 South Central Avenue.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms, with modern improvements, four squares west of Court House, bath, good cellar, and electric. Inquire of W. E. Booth, 328 North McDonald street.

THOSE desiring their Feather Beds made into mattresses will please call at once at 1111 North Main street, one block from the corner of W. E. Booth, 328 North McDonald street.

WANTED—A suit of finely furnished rooms or furnished house. Apply to W. E. Booth, 328 North McDonald street.

Wanted—Girl for general housework at 65 South West street.

FOR SALE—One Jersey cow and calf. Inquire at 400 South Central Avenue.

WANTED—Clothing; high cash price paid for all kinds of Gent's second-hand clothing. 111 East Wayne street.

675 monthly salary. Costly outfit free. We want a man or woman in every county. Apply quick. Deannison Publishing Co., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS to sell our cut price Xmas books: 25¢ book 1st; 50¢ book 2nd; \$1.00 book 3rd. 25¢ book 4th; 50¢ book 5th. Freight paid. Inquire free. Ferguson Pub. Co., 1528 Fifth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Robinson & Totto.

NEW YORK DENTAL PARLORS.

ROOMS AND 4, OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

When you want teeth extracted without pain you must go where it can be done. We extract teeth absolutely without any pain whatever. We positively do what we advertise. We are not tortured and suffer when our method of extracting teeth, which takes every particle of pain.

No charge for extracting when teeth are ordered.

We use nothing known to the profession for the comfort of our patients, and at all times give them trustworthy work for the least money.

All work guaranteed.

On can save teeth and money by purchasing us.

Office Hours 8 to 8, Sun. 10 to 4.

HOLDS, 1528 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dr. Hobbs' Pills for Sale in Lima, by W. E. Booth, 328 North McDonald St. O. Corbett.

NEWSPAPRARCHIVE®



## PUZZLE

## For the Oil Fraternity

Is the Failure of Eastern Market to Advance.

Western Operators are Jubilant Over Yesterday's Advance and Hope it Will Continue.

## OIL MARKET.

Texas	1.01
Ind.	1.00
Pennsylvania	1.00
Illinois	1.00
Ohio	1.00
New York	1.00
Michigan	1.00
North Carolina	1.00
South Carolina	1.00
Georgia	1.00
Florida	1.00

They say "a watched pot never boils," says the Toledo Commercial. This has been proven to be a mistake, however, on more than one occasion. The oil fraternity has been looking for an advance in the market for six weeks past and yesterday found what they were in search of.

There was no advance in the eastern article, which was the puzzling part of the movement. But it has been the prevailing opinion among western operators that the margin between prices east and west has been a little too great. Forty per cent. was too much of a difference.

The fact is that the undrilled territory does not look sufficiently promising to maintain the output even where it is today, to say nothing of the increased demands that are likely to be made upon it in the future.

Those who have the "small" stuff do not yet feel like pushing the drill with energy. The high price of material of every kind has a seriously deterring effect upon operations. When the market reaches \$1.50 or \$2.00, no doubt there will be lively times. But until then the light stuff will probably not be drilled as an investment. Of course it would be safe even now, but most operators feel that the time required to regain the original investment would be a little too great.

The feeling created by the advance yesterday was one of jubilation. There was a broad smile on the face of every man who had a barrel of production in the line or to get there. These are conditions that have been keenly desired for many years.

## THE MARKETS.

Quotations received daily by private wire by the U. S. Rental Commission Co. dealers in all New York stocks and Chicago grain and provisions, Room 17, second floor, Opera House block. New 'phone 256.

The leading futures ranged today as follows:

ARTICLES	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat	65 1/2	65 3/4	65 1/4	65 1/2
Barley	60 1/2	60 3/4	60 1/4	60 1/2
Corn	35 1/2	35 3/4	35 1/4	35 1/2
Oats	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/4	25 1/2
Hay	15 1/2	15 3/4	15 1/4	15 1/2
Stocks	100	100	100	100

Wheat 1/2 higher; closed 1/2 lower. Corn 1/2 lower; closed 1/2 higher.

The Loss of Gold is Great.

The loss of health is more. Health is lost by neglecting to keep the blood pure, but it is regained by purifying, enriching and vitalizing the blood with the great health restorer, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands who thought health had been permanently lost have been made perfectly well by taking this great medicine. Your experience may be the same.

Hood's Pills are gentle, yet always effective.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Shawnee Bowling company will be held in the club rooms of said corporation at 8 p. m. Tuesday Jan. 23rd, 1900.

E. L. List, T. E. Thompson, Secy. Pres.

"Never quit certainty for hope."

ever take a medicine of doubtful value instead of Hood's Sarsaparilla which is sure to do you good.

ATTENTION CO. C.

All members of Co. C are hereby ordered to report at the armory at 7 o'clock tonight, sharp. Important business. By order of

A. E. GALE, Capt. Com.

CASTORIA.

The kind you have always bought.

of

of

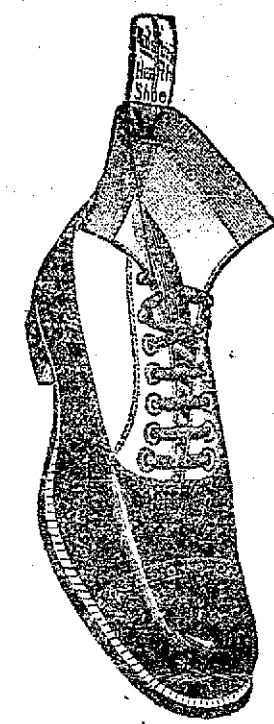
of

of

of

of

of



# Grand Sweeping Sale

## ON ALL WINTER FOOTWEAR!

Every pair of our \$5 Gentlemen's Shoes reduced to \$3.50. This includes all our popular makes, Nettleton, Ralston and Regent Shoes. We have them in Box Calf, Patent Leather, Vici Kid and Russia Calf.

Nettleton's \$5.00 Watertight Shoes for Men Reduced to \$3.50.

Ladies' \$3.50 Cork Sole Shoes, the proper shoe for wet, rainy days, reduced to \$2.48.  
Ladies' \$3.00 and \$2.50 Extension Sole Shoes, reduced to \$1.98.



All Misses' and Children's Shoes at Cost.

## DENIES

## Intent to Commit Fraud

Gertrude Lindemann Answers the Cleveland Parties.

And Several Separate Answers of Creditors Are Filed in the Delphos Insolvency Case.

In the recent action brought by the firms of J. S. Nelson and Whitney, Wable & Co., of Cleveland, against Gertrude C. Lindemann and her agent, Alexander Lindemann, charging that several preferred creditors had taken judgment against her, Mrs. Lindemann and those to whom judgment was awarded by the court, have filed their separate answers.

Clara Lindemann, one of the creditors, admits in her answer having recovered a judgment on January 2d for \$934.86 and caused execution to be issued for the sale of the stock in the Delphos store, but she denies that the judgment so procured was with the knowledge of Gertrude Lindemann in contemplation of insolvency, or with a design to prefer her to the exclusion of other creditors. The same answer is also filed by John F. Lindemann and the Delphos National bank, and they ask that the sale proceed and the judgments paid as found.

Gertrude Lindemann answers the petition of Whitney, Wable & Co., who charged in their petition that they were induced to sell goods to the defendants upon a statement of assets and liabilities falsely made by Alexander Lindemann. Mrs. Lindemann says that the latter had no right to make any representations concerning her financial condition nor to sign any such statement.

A Telegram Card. The Austrian postoffice is to try a "telegram card," on which a person writes a message and posts in the usual way, but the postoffice telegraphs the contents, which are delivered to the address by the postman. The plan is a combination of post and telegraph, and seems useful as having a cost and speed intermediate between post and telegraph.

## THE STREET LOUNGER.

M. J. Cahill traveling representative of the Catholic Universe, the official publication of the diocese of Cleveland, is in the city on business connected with his paper and mingling with his many friends. Mr. Cahill has been traveling through this section of Ohio for a number of years and claims the friendship and good will of the entire Catholic population with whom his business brings him in contact. Aside from this, Mr. Cahill is of a happy and sunny disposition and possesses a peculiar personal magnetism that draws tight the bonds of friendship. As a writer he also has an enviable reputation as his articles in the Universe would demonstrate.

If in glancing over your family paper you should happen to read a paragraph similar to the one which follows, do not blame the compositor, for the university of Chicago is responsible for this attempted revision of "English as she spoke." According to a majority vote of the university professors the correct way to write it thus: The program of the evening, altho brief, was interesting thruout, and tho the house was large, the thoro fare was crowded with people who failed to bare the prolog.

It is said that the Chicago university will make an effort to induce the other colleges to adopt the above method of spelling words which contain superfluous letters, and organize a league—or perhaps it should be written leg.

The new coins issued by the United States as a souvenir of the Paris exposition are in circulation, the first one noticed in Lima being exhibited by a traveling salesman at the French house this morning. The denomination is a silver half dollar, similar to the ones issued during the World's Fair, and bears in relief the profile of Lafayette. A limited number of the coins are being distributed among banking institutions where they are sold to those who wish them at \$2 each.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Hiesong, of Broadway, were, last night, the host and hostess to the members of the

Stella Noctis club. The guests of the club were Mr. and Mrs. Clair Ewing of McComb, Ohio, and Mr. and Mrs. McMillen of this city.

The Literary society exercises at Lima college, will be postponed until next Friday evening, on account of the Star course at the Y. M. C. A.

## "Kelly's Kids."

The attraction at the opera house Saturday night, will be the merry farce comedy of "Kelly's Kids." This comedy is filled with laughter, provoking situations, is lively in action, brisk in dialogue, has a funny story, and is generously filled in with music, songs and dances. The latest sayings of the day are adopted into its dialogues, and the most popular song hits are incorporated into its playing.

## Col. Mosby's Capture.

Dr. J. G. Wiltshire of West Madison street, who was a lieutenant in Col. John S. Mosby's famous command during the civil war, emphatically denies a story of Mosby's capture by federal troops which has recently been given prominence in New York papers. Dr. Wiltshire was almost continually with Mosby during that chieftain's exciting career, and knows as much of the history of Mosby and his men as any other living man. The story is to the effect that a federal trooper of the First Pennsylvania cavalry, George W. Fink, started out one day in 1861 as the head of a scouting party in the Shenandoah valley. The party surrounded a house, so the story goes, where it was suspected that several confederates were concealed. "In one of the upper chambers, two officers, a lieutenant and a captain, were found lying under the bed and were triumphantly dragged forth, covered with dust and lint from the floor. In another room a third man, dressed in civilian's clothes, but very evidently connected with the army, was found and placed under arrest in company with the others. Their arms were taken from them, and under the guard of Fink and one companion the return to the camp was begun. On the way a thick wood was passed through. The man in civilian's clothes was riding at the front of the little party. When the middle of the grove was reached he wheeled his horse, plunged the rowsels into its side, and dashed off to the right. Fink promptly raised his carbine and fired at the rapidly retreating form. The horse fell dead, but the rider leaped free from the animal's body and ran like the traditional whitehead further into the woods. The cavalryman could not leave the two prisoners who re-

mained and who were watching with breathless interest the flight of their companion, so the journey to the camp was continued without chase having been made. When the headquarters was reached the two officers were turned over to the commander. On their way to the guardhouse they turned to Fink and one of them said: 'You may be interested in knowing that the man who got away was Col. Mosby.' Fink was afterward known in the federal army as 'the man who captured Mosby.' There is not a word of truth in that story," said Dr. Wiltshire. "So many nonsensical and groundless tales have been circulated of captures of Mosby that it is impossible to deny them all. The fact is, the federals only had their hands on Mosby once during his entire career and then they hadn't sense enough to keep him. The capture was made in this way: Mosby and a few of his men were riding along the road near Upperville, Va., on the evening of Dec. 21, 1864, at a time when the country was full of federals. Mosby stopped with one or two officers at the house of Ludwell Lake for supper, sending most of his men on. While they were at supper the house was suddenly surrounded by federal cavalrymen. Two or three entered the room and ordered the inmates to surrender. Just then a shot was fired through the window, and Mosby fell to the floor badly wounded. The bullet struck him in the stomach, but was deflected by the muscles and passed around to the back. The federals asked Lake and his daughter, Mrs. Skinner, who the wounded man was, but they replied that they did not know. They asked Mosby, who said he was Lieut. Johnson of a Virginia regiment. Mosby was covering with his hands the insignia of rank on his coat. While the troopers were temporarily out of the room he took off his coat and threw it under the bed. The federals concluded that he would die of his wound and rode away, leaving him lying on the floor. Mr. Lake and some of Mosby's men quickly placed him in an ox cart and took him away to safety. When the federals reached their camp, it was afterward learned, they examined some papers they had taken from Mosby, and then discovered the identity of their prisoner, but the bird had flown. This was the only time Mosby was ever captured, all stories to the contrary notwithstanding. It was thought at first that his wound was fatal, but he soon recovered."—Baltimore Sun.

## A Strange Fight.

Lieut.-Col. Andrew C. P. Haggard, an elder brother of Rider Haggard, the novelist, recently returned from a trip to Newfoundland, and tells of a remarkable sight he saw while sitting on the seashore with a guide with whom he had been fishing for salmon in the Terra Nova river. They had been watching for some time the evolutions of a white-headed eagle, called by the Newfoundlanders a "grip." After soaring round in several circles above and in front of them the eagle suddenly dashed down into a pool of water near them on the beach, and reappeared holding an enormous lobster in his talons. It was an old lobster, with a huge claw, white with barnacles. The eagle had him clutched firmly around the back, and at first the huge claw hung helplessly down, the barnacles shining white in the sunlight. This was only for a second, though. The ripples on the recently disturbed pool had not yet died away when the captive lobster suddenly broke in the calmness of the situ-

ation, and to think was to act. Up moved the great white barnacled claw until it seized the eagle around the neck. There was a furious fluttering and beating of the eagle's wings, a melancholy squawk from his choking throat, and then, tumbling and rolling head over heels in the air in a confused mass, down came eagle and lobster again splash back into the pool. The two spectators of the scene rushed forward, thinking that they could perhaps in some way secure both combatants, for the splashing of the conflict continued in the shallow water. But they had hardly time to pick up a stone apiece to throw at the eagle before the lobster feeling himself at home again, let go his hold. With his neck all torn and devoid of feathers, away flew the bedraggled eagle, in most melancholy guise, to a neighboring cliff, while the lobster, to give Col. Haggard's own words, "still brandishing his enormous claw in defiance, remained smiling at the bottom of the pool."

## A Strange Fight.

Lieut.-Col. Andrew C. P. Haggard, an elder brother of Rider Haggard, the novelist, recently returned from a trip to Newfoundland, and tells of a remarkable sight he saw while sitting on the seashore with a guide with whom he had been fishing for salmon in the Terra Nova river. They had been watching for some time the evolutions of a white-headed eagle, called by the Newfoundlanders a "grip." After soaring round in several circles above and in front of them the eagle suddenly dashed down into a pool of water near them on the beach, and reappeared holding an enormous lobster in his talons. It was an old lobster, with a huge claw, white with barnacles. The eagle had him clutched firmly around the back, and at first the huge claw hung helplessly down, the barnacles shining white in the sunlight. This was only for a second, though. The ripples on the recently disturbed pool had not yet died away when the captive lobster suddenly broke in the calmness of the situ-

ation, and to think was to act. Up moved the great white barnacled claw until it seized the eagle around the neck. There was a furious fluttering and beating of the eagle's wings, a melancholy squawk from his choking throat, and then, tumbling and rolling head over heels in the air in a confused mass, down came eagle and lobster again splash back into the pool. The two spectators of the scene rushed forward, thinking that they could perhaps in some way secure both combatants, for the splashing of the conflict continued in the shallow water. But they had hardly time to pick up a stone apiece to throw at the eagle before the lobster feeling himself at home again, let go his hold. With his neck all torn and devoid of feathers, away flew the bedraggled eagle, in most melancholy guise, to a neighboring cliff, while the lobster, to give Col. Haggard's own words, "still brandishing his enormous claw in defiance, remained smiling at the bottom of the pool."

**Chin Pimples**  
are local in nature. They yield readily to treatment with Trepan.

**HEISKELL'S OINTMENT**  
is a specific for Pimples, Freckles, Tetter, Eczema and all skin disorders. It cures a lot.

**HEISKELL'S SOAP**  
cleans the pores, softens the skin, softens and whitens. Price 25 cents. Samples free. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philada., Pa.

## METROPOLITAN

Barber Shop and Bath Room  
Have been reopened by BANEY & SHEPHERD.

New enameled roll iron tubs, everything neat, new and clean. Call for a smooth shave or a clean bath.

BANNEY METROPOLITAN BLOCK.

## RECEIVER'S SALE.

Eurastus E. Frie, Plaintiff, vs. Z. A. Croson, W. C. Starbuck and C. S. Rockhill, Defendants.  
In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction at the east door of the Courthouse in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, between 1 o'clock and 2 o'clock p. m. on Saturday, February 2d, 1900, the following described property:  
Being a certain leasehold estate for oil purposes on the Solomon Walter farm lying three (3) miles east of Lima, as shown by the record of leases of said county, in volume 23 at page 41.  
Also one dirt road located upon said lease, and drive pipes and casing in one well thereon, all of which property belongs to the firm of Eurastus E. Frie, Z. A. Croson, W. C. Starbuck and C. S. Rockhill.  
Terms of sale cash.  
WILLIAM ROBERTS, Receiver.  
T. R. HAMPTON, Attorney for Plaintiff.  
Dated Lima, Ohio, January 18, 1900.  
3-4-10



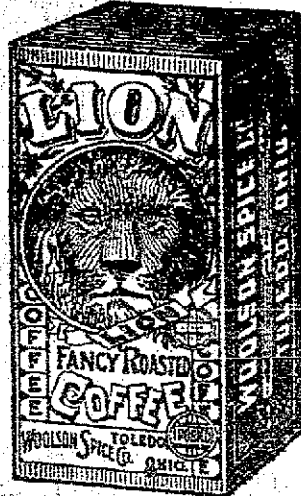
# LION COFFEE

Used in Millions of Homes!  
Accept no substitute!  
Insist on LION COFFEE, in 1 lb. pkgs.

These articles mailed FREE in exchange for lion heads cut from front of 1 lb. LION COFFEE pkgs.

Silk Umbrella (either Lady's or Gents).

Sent by express (charges prepaid), for 170 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.  
A very fine umbrella, made of union silk-taffeta; 46-inch frame with seven ribs; steel rod and silver Congo handle. Would cost \$2.00 at the store.



Best Coffee for the Money!  
Try LION COFFEE and you will never use any other. It is absolutely pure Coffee and nothing but Coffee.

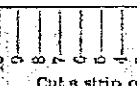
Fancy Gold Ring.

For 18 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.



Genuine Ruby Setting Gold Ring.

For 25 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.



These rings are genuine rolled-gold plate, having the exact appearance and quality of solid gold, and guaranteed by the makers to last two years with ordinary usage. New patterns and very popular.

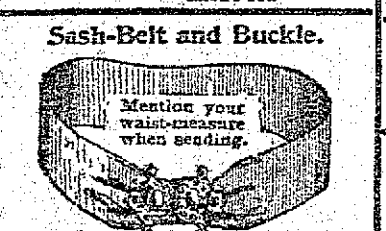
To Determine the Size.

Cut a strip of thick paper so that the ends will exactly meet when drawn tightly around second joint of the finger. Lay one end on this diagram at the 0, and order the number the other end indicates.

STRENGTH, PURITY AND FLAVOR

Dress-Pin Set.

Mailed free for 15 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. Three pins in these (larger than ordinary), composed of fine rolled-gold, with handsome ruby-colored settings. Suitable for waist-pins; cuff-pins, neck-pins or as a child's set.



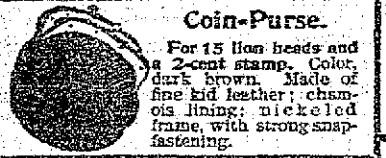
Sash-Belt and Buckle.

Mention your waist-measure when sending.

Mailed free for 15 lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent stamp. Latest style of imported black Swiss grenadine ribbon belt; stylish imitation cut-stone silver buckle; neat, strong and fashionable.

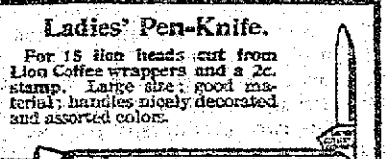
Silver Napkin-Ring.

For 15 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. Neat and substantial. Made of durable metal, heavily silver-plated. Two different patterns.



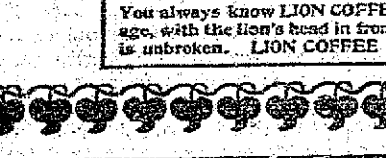
Coin-Purse.

For 15 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. Color: Green. Made of fine kid leather; charming lining; nickel-plated frame, with strong snap-fastening.



Ladies' Pen-Knife.

For 15 lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent stamp. Same size; good material; handles nicely decorated and assorted colors.



"Knickerbocker" Watch.

Given for 175 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. Neat, appearing and an excellent time-keeper. Solid nickel-silver case, with ornamental back. Nickel movement, escapement fully jeweled. The famous "Knickerbocker" watch.



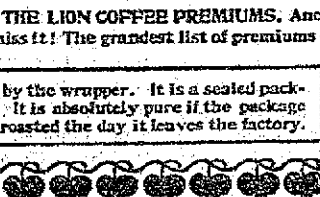
Ladies' Watch Chain.

A double strand of best silk cord, united at intervals with colored beads; neat and substantial. For 15 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.



Gent's Watch.

Mailed free for 90 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. The celebrated "Ingersoll" watch, stem-wound and stem-set; durable nickel-plated case, each watch accompanied by guarantee of the maker. A reliable time-keeper.



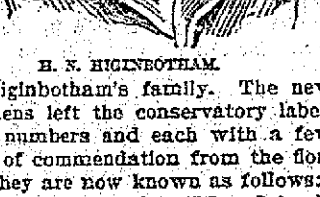
Ladies' Pocket-Book.

Large size and latest shape. Black seal-grain leather, with five separate divisions, including a tab-pocket with flap to hold visiting cards.



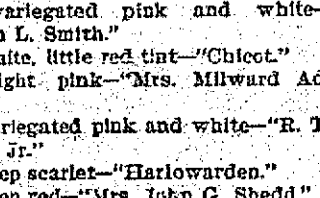
Table Cover.

Durable, dark-colored material that will stand washing. 24 inches square.



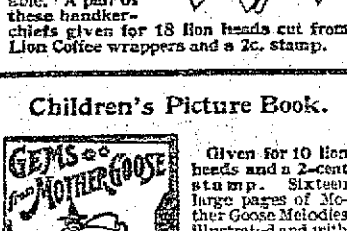
Boys' Pocket-Knife.

The "Bar-Opener" that will stand, strong, sharp blades, red-wood handle.



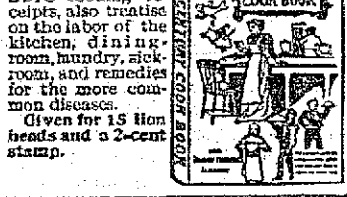
Pair of Lace Handkerchiefs.

Two extra fine combed handkerchiefs, with beautiful imported lace medallion inscriptions in the corners. Half-inch hem, machine hem stitched, stylish and durable. A pair of these handkerchiefs given for 18 lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent stamp.



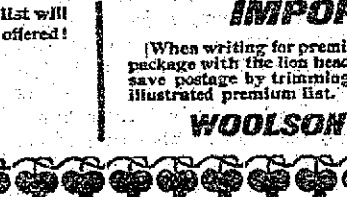
Children's Picture Book.

Given for 10 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. Sixteen large pages of color illustrations and with nicely illustrated and colored pictures. We have different books, so you can get an assortment.



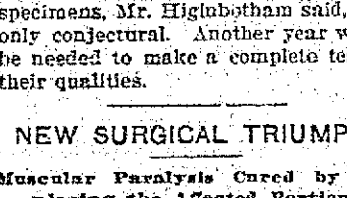
Century Cook-Book.

328 pages of valuable cooking receipts, also treatise on the laws of the kitchen, dining room, laundry, sick room, and remedies for the more common diseases.



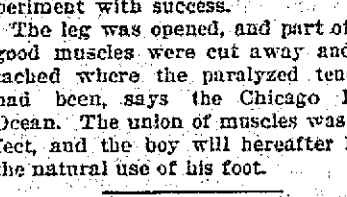
Art Picture, "Easter Greeting."

Given for 8 lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent stamp.



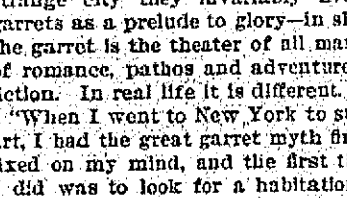
Flower Picture.

For 8 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. American Beauty Rose and Little-of-the-Valley. Size, 11x21 inches. Bright and artistic coloring.



"The Dancing Lesson."

The green grass and trees, the little brown kitten and the girl's snow-white dress form a pleasing combination of colors. Size, 11x21 inches. Mailed free for 8 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.



THE ABOVE ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE LION COFFEE PREMIUMS. Another list will shortly appear in this paper! Don't miss it! The grandest list of premiums ever offered!

You always know LION COFFEE by the wrapper. It is a sealed package, with the lion's head in front. It is absolutely pure if the package is unbroken. LION COFFEE is roasted the day it leaves the factory.

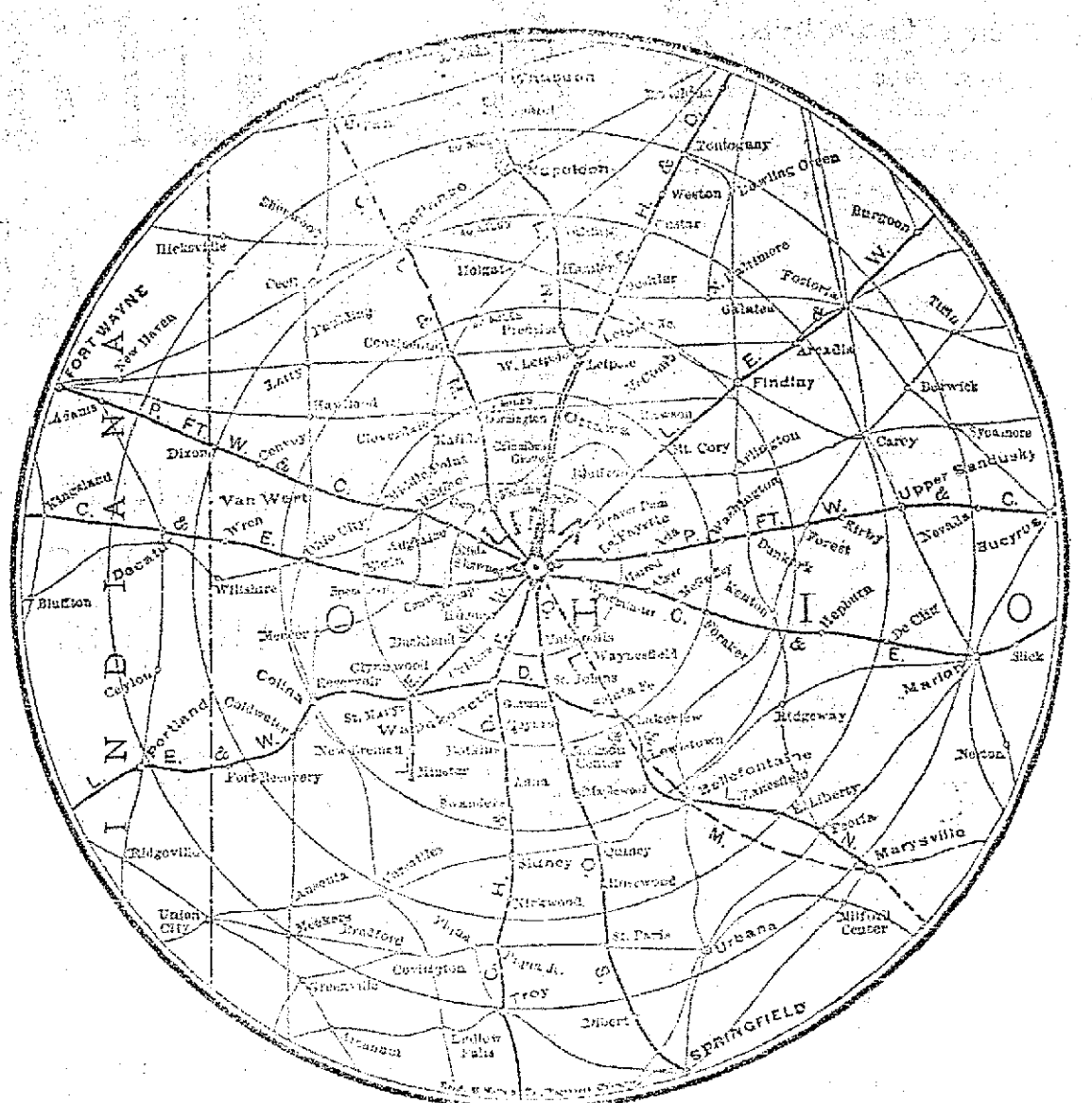
IMPORTANT NOTICE.

(When writing for premiums send your letter in the same envelope or package with the lion heads. If more than 15 lion heads are sent, you can save postage by attaching down the margin. Ask your grocer for large illustrated premium list. Address all letters to the)

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Map Showing Railroads and all Stations Within a Radius of Sixty Miles of

LIMA, OHIO.



Why Lima is a Good City

for Wholesale Business

It is located in northwestern Ohio, with direct railroad connection with every county in the state, and with every part of the United States.

Twenty (20) local freight trains arrive and leave Lima every day except Sunday, Lima being a division point on all lines.

Forty-six (46) passenger trains in and out of Lima every day.

Seventy-five to one hundred through freight trains pass through Lima every day.

The following Express Companies handle business out of Lima to all points at one rate:

American Express Company.  
National Express Company.  
Pacific Express Company.  
Southern Express Company.  
United States Express Company.  
Wells-Fargo Express Company.

Why Lima is a Good City

for Manufacturing Industries

It has two direct lines to the Jackson County Coal Fields, and one line to the Hocking Coal Fields. COAL IS CHEAP.

It is a direct shipping point to any part of the United States.

It has abundance of natural gas.

It has manufactured gas at low cost.

It has a good electric light and power plant.

It has cheap curds and fuel oil.

It has water facilities to meet all needs.

It has the best fire department in the state.

IT HAS SEVEN RAILROADS:

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad.

Columbus, Lima & Milwaukee Railway.

Detroit & Lima Northern Railway.

Eric Railway.

Lake Erie & Western Railroad.

Ohio Southern Railroad.

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway.

## POSTOFFICE SCHEDULE.

Mails are closed at the Lima post-office for points designated at the following hours:

A. M. P. M.

1:30..... NEW YORK..... 2:15

3:15..... PHILADELPHIA..... 4:15

7:00..... BOSTON..... 9:15

1:30..... CLEVELAND..... 2:15

3:15..... ST. LOUIS..... 4:15

7:00..... DETROIT..... 9:15

1:30..... CINCINNATI..... 2:15

3:15..... COLUMBUS..... 4:15

7:00..... WASHINGTON..... 9:15

1:30..... CLEVELAND..... 2:15

3:15..... ST. LOUIS..... 4:15

7:00..... DETROIT..... 9:15

1:30..... CINCINNATI..... 2:15

3:15..... COLUMBUS..... 4:15

7:00..... WASHINGTON..... 9:15

1:30..... CLEVELAND..... 2:15

3:15..... ST. LOUIS..... 4:15

7:00..... DETROIT..... 9:15

1:30..... CINCINNATI..... 2:15

3:15..... COLUMBUS..... 4:15

7:00..... WASHINGTON..... 9:15

1:30..... CLEVELAND..... 2:15

3:15..... ST. LOUIS..... 4:15

LOCAL POINTS.

1:30..... C. H. & D. North..... 4:15

11:15..... C. H. & D. South..... 3:40

9:10..... D. & L. N. North..... 2:15

10:50..... D. & L. N. South..... 3:00

3:15..... Erie, East..... 3:00

12:45..... Erie, West..... 1:10

10:50..... L. E. & W. East..... 1:10

9:10..... L. E. & W. West..... 2:15

5:00..... O. S. South..... 9:15

7:00..... Penn., East..... 2:45

1:30..... Penn., West..... 2:45

9:10.....

Ar. STAR ROUTE SERVICE. Dep.

11:00. West Minster and West Newton..... 3:00

10:00. Allentown..... A. M. 10:30

12 M. Gomer..... 3:15

2:00 P. M. Yoder, Layton and South Warsaw..... 3:00

1:30..... BUFFALO..... 9:15

9:15..... BUFFALO..... 1:10

11:00..... BUFFALO..... 2:15

7:00..... EASTERN STATES..... 1:10

3:15..... EASTERN STATES..... 2:15

7:00..... EASTERN STATES..... 9:15

11:15..... EASTERN STATES..... 3:00

1:30..... WESTERN STATES..... 2:45

12:45..... WESTERN STATES..... 2:45

1:30..... NORTHERN STATES..... 4:15

10:50..... NORTHERN STATES..... 4:15

11:15..... NORTHERN STATES..... 4:15

FOR ONE DOLLAR

\$1.00 CASH

The New Werner

Edition of the...

Encyclopedia

Britannica

30 Superb Octavo volumes will be

Delivered Free Into your Home. The

balance you can pay in small monthly

installments, But

Bear In Mind That this offer is

Limited

So do not Delay, for

Never Before has this great library

been within every-

body's easy reach, and the chances are

that when this offer is once withdrawn,

that such an opportunity will

Never Again be presented. Reas-

ured by the fact that this

edition of the BRITANNICA contains

Thirty-six Thousand Feet of Knowledge

and Information. Occupies Six Feet of

Book-shelf. CALL AT OUR STORE

and examine the complete set. If you cannot

call, cut out this coupon and mail it to us.

COUPON

I would like full details and spec-

imen pages of the New Werner Ency-

clopedia Britannica, complete in 30

volumes, including five volumes of

American Supplement, and showing

illustrations of the library in natural

colors.

Name.....

Street.....

City and State.....

N. B.—The prices and terms are as follows:

No. 1.—In Buckram Cloth, set complete for

\$1.00 cash and \$3.00 per month. Price, \$4.00.

No. 2.—In Half Morocco, \$2.00 cash, and \$4.00

per month. Price, \$6.00.

No. 3.—In Sheep, tan cover, \$3.00 cash, and \$5.00

per month. Price, \$8.00.

10 per cent. deducted from the above prices if

full amount is paid within thirty days after receipt

of books.

Call at or drop postal card to DOWN-

ARD'S BOOK STORE for full information.

(Box 229 N. Main Street, Lima, Ohio.)

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

will cure all the ailments of the blood, and

restore the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure

all the ailments of the blood, and restore

the system to its normal state.

It is the only medicine that will cure







## CLAIMED

## In the Harvest of Death.

Mrs. Ernest Messmer Died Early This Morning.

Funeral of Mrs. D. W. Morris Held Today — Remains of John Mohr Taken to Greenville.

Superintendent Ed. Townsend, of the Lima Electric Light & Power Co., received a telegram from Ernest Messmer, of Muncie, today, announcing that Mrs. Messmer had died at 5:55 o'clock this morning. The message also stated that the remains would be taken to Huntington, Ind., the deceased's former home, for interment. The funeral services will occur at Huntington at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Yard conductor C. L. Warner, of the C. H. & D., who is a brother of the deceased, also received a telegram bearing the sad news and went to Muncie to accompany the remains to Huntington and attend the funeral.

The news of Mrs. Messmer's death will be received by many Lima people with sadness. Mr. and Mrs. Messmer lived in this city for a number of years, residing on south Main street, while Mr. Messmer was employed as a machinist at the L. E. & W. shops. A few years ago they removed to Muncie, Mr. Messmer being advanced to the position of round house foreman for the L. E. & W. at that place. The deceased was a very estimable lady and both she and her husband had a wide circle of friends in this city. Mr. Messmer is left to mourn the sad bereavement alone, having no children.

Mrs. Messmer had been seriously ill only a short time. She was first stricken with an attack of la grippe which developed into lung trouble and caused her death.

## FUNERAL OF MRS. MORRIS.

The remains of Mrs. D. W. Morris, whose death occurred Wednesday morning at Milwaukee, arrived here over the P. Ft. W. & C. at 9:30 o'clock last night, accompanied by the deceased's husband and brother, S. O. Morris. The sad party was met at the depot by a number of members of the K. of P. lodge, who accompanied the remains to the home of Jeff Morris, 208 north West street, where the funeral services were held at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Reed, of the U. B. church, and interment was made in Woodlawn cemetery.

The remains of John Mohr, whose death occurred Tuesday night, were taken to Greenville, O., over the C. H. & D. this morning for burial. The body was accompanied by five members of the family.

F-I-S-H at Townsend's.

## STILL THEY GO.

More Beautiful Pianos Sold by Porter & Son, the Hustlers.

Porter & Son are having a boom in their business in Findlay. Mr. J. E. Porter Friday closed the contract with A. S. Thomas, county auditor of Hancock county, for a beautiful Steck piano. It was a fierce contest between the agents for the leading makes but when they are placed alongside the Steck, everybody takes his hat off.

Miss Emma Hoppenburg, also of Findlay, bought a fine Steinway and Julie Feiter, the well known Allen county farmer, purchased an elegant Eversole in Oak.

Three pianos have left the Lima store this week but the names are withheld by request. There are lots of other fine instruments left, awaiting your inspection when you want the best.

Finest bulk olives and pickles in Lima at Townsend's.

LIMA CHAPTER NO. 49, R. A. M.

Stated convocation this evening. Work on R. A. degree.

W. J. SHEPHERD, H. P.

WALLACE LANDIS, Sec'y.

Saturday's Special.

Townsend's famous home made mince meat, only 8c. per pound.

## McCLAIN

## Woman Didn't Appear.

Two Others Were Found Guilty and Sent to Jail.

John Shellabarger Sentenced to Ten Days' Imprisonment for Larceny. Mayor's Court.

The cases against Mrs. Edith McClain, Katie Lee, Anna Myers and two young men named Brydon and Thompson, all of whom were charged with disorderly conduct, came up for trial in mayor's court yesterday afternoon but none of the five defendants appeared for trial except Katie Lee and Anna Myers, the McClain woman and the two young men having either left town or kept out of the way of the police.

Katie Lee and Anna Myers were found guilty and were sentenced by the mayor to five days imprisonment in the county jail.

## "SHELLY" IN AGAIN.

John Shellabarger, a stone mason who has spent about half of the time during the past six months in the city prison and work house, was arraigned this morning on a charge of petit larceny. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to ten days imprisonment in the county jail.

Shellabarger was drinking yesterday and running short of money he stole a turkey from Chris. Geiger and sold it to the proprietor of another restaurant. Policeman O'Brien arrested both Shellabarger and the turkey and returned the fowl to Geiger. Upon having his property returned, Geiger declined to prosecute Shellabarger and the latter was released, but soon after he was re-arrested for stealing three shirts at the clothing store in the Orchard block.

## THE MOULDERS' CASES.

The cases against John McKenan and Jack Devine, union moulders who were charged with attempts to provoke a breach of the peace came up for trial by jury in mayor's court this morning but were not tried. The case against McKenan was dismissed and Jack Devine's case was continued for trial by a jury Monday.

## PETITION

Of Mrs. Teresa Geiger for a Divorce is Withdrawn.

Differences Between Husband and Wife Explained Away and Happiness Restored.

Mrs. Teresa Geiger, who began proceedings in probate court a few days ago, petitioning to be divorced from her husband, George E. Geiger, has withdrawn her petition and has made a statement that the allegations that were made in the petition were untrue. Mrs. Geiger has been ill recently and she states that she was misled and influenced by persons whom she considered her friends and began the proceedings against the dictates of her own judgment. Fortunately the deplorable mistake has been corrected. The little differences that existed between the husband and wife have been explained away and the family circle will not be broken by a decree from the divorce court.

## NEW CONTESTANTS.

Another of the several suits against Emeline Clay, has been filed by Harriet and Tom Jennings, who claim that their signatures to the quit-claim deed for the property described was obtained without their knowledge of certain facts, and by statements made which they allege to be untrue.

## PROBATE COURT.

The first and final accounts of J. W. Heistand, administrator of the estate of Henry Gibson, deceased, and W. T. Copeland, assignee of Wm. Watt, insolvent, have been filed.

H. L. Brice has been appointed guardian of the minor heirs of Wm. Brice, deceased.

## MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Sherman Cornutte, 30, and Julia Belle Eddy, 38, both of Lima.

## TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Thomas R. Jones to Samuel W. Jones, 10 acres in Sugar Creek township, \$100.

C. S. Smith and wife to John Blair, land in Harrod, \$350.

## CULLED

## From Today's Roundup

And Concentrated for the Evening's Review.

Brief Notes of Limaitis Abroad, Visitors Who Are Here, and of the Day's Happenings.

Frank Baxter is a visitor in Dayton today.

J. D. S. Neeley is at Redkey, Ind., today.

Harry Moore went to Dayton, this morning.

Theo. Roush went to St. Marys this morning.

Judge Lindemann, of Delphos, was in the city today.

Mrs. G. S. Vicary left this morning for a visit at St. Marys.

Attorney John Klatte returned from Celina yesterday afternoon.

Miss Kathryn Amman, of Chicago, is the guest of Miss Mary Werst.

Mrs. John Roby and children are home from a several weeks visit in Delaware.

Mrs. Senahols of St. Marys, is the guest of Mrs. E. B. Fristoe, of west North street.

Mrs. Wm. M. Irish and children are home from a visit with relatives in Oleon, N. Y.

Miss Burns of Coshocton, is the guest of Mrs. J. C. Thompson of west Market street.

Mrs. J. W. Lyons, of Xenon, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Arndt, of east McKibben street.

Miss Doris Kosow, of Henry county, Ohio, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. E. Stout of south West street.

Mr. and Mrs. Clair Ewing of MeComb, Ohio, are the guests of her sister Mrs. M. E. Hissong, of Broadway.

Infirmary director, Eli Mechling, and John Anderson, township trustee, left this morning for Terre Haute, Ind.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Best of Windsor, Canada, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Fleeter of east High street.

Cards were received today announcing the betrothal of Mr. Maurice Hoffmiller and Miss Emma Tigner whose marriage will take place in the near future.

Mrs. E. B. Halladay and Mrs. Laura Owens, who have been the guests of their numerous Lima relatives for several weeks, leave tomorrow for their home in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mowrey, their daughters and their daughter-in-law, Mrs. R. Mowrey, left this morning for St. Marys, where they will make their future home. They have been living on north Main street in this city.

## NEW BLOOD

Wanted by Uncle Sam for the Regular Army.

A Recruiting Officer Visits Lima to Stir Up Enthusiasm and Leave Instructions.

Thos. Savage, of Cincinnati, a recruiting officer of the United States army, was a visitor in Lima last night for the purpose of enlisting new blood for the regular service. He was a caller at the TIMES-DEMOCRAT office and requested the announcement to be made that recruits will be received into the army upon application, providing the necessary examination is satisfactorily passed.

Applicants for enlistment must be between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five years, of good character and habits, able bodied and free from disease. Married men will be enlisted only upon the approval of a regimental commander. Minors must have written consent of parents or guardian.

The term of service is three years. All soldiers receive in addition to their pay, rations, clothing, bedding, medicines and medical attendance. All information desired will be furnished by Capt. Savage whose address is 309 west Fourth street, Cincinnati. The nearest recruiting office in Lima is at Dayton.

Dressed turkeys, ducks, and chickens at Townsend's grocery.

Cold Water Soap.

Now on sale by all grocers. 79-1m

## OLINGER

## Had a Very Close Call.

The Popular C. H. & D. Engineer Ill at the Cambridge.

Brakeman Dowden Fell From a Train at Sidney and Escaped Death by a Miracle.

Extra passenger engineer John Olinger, of the C. H. & D., had a serious attack of illness at the Cambridge hotel this morning and it was feared by those attending him that it would terminate fatally. Mr. Manhard, proprietor of the hotel, was called at 4 o'clock this morning, and found Olinger in the office suffering much pain.

No time was lost in getting a physician, Dr. Steiner responding. The sick man was relieved by a soothing injection, and gradually grew better. He was found to be suffering with an attack of pleurisy, which effected his heart, and he was pulled through by the narrowest margin possible.

Olinger resides in Dayton, where he has a wife and family, and as soon as he recovered sufficiently he insisted upon going home. Engineer J. A. Myers was delegated to accompany him and he was sent home on No. 1 this morning. The engineer's many friends in Lima hope to hear encouraging reports from him.

## THE INSPECTION OVER.

Conductor A. L. Heath, brakeman E. R. Duggan, engineer Downing and fireman Swartz of the L. E. & W., have returned from their trip over the road with president Newman and the others of the inspection party. The crew went to Indianapolis, but did not take the train from Tipton to Peoria. When the party returned from the latter city, however, the Lima crew took the train to Laporte, Ind., from which place the party went to Chicago, and thence east over the Lake Shore. Conductor Heath and brakeman Duggan "dead-headed" back on train two and engineer Downing and fireman Swartz, with engine 39, came back with a double headed through freight train.

Those of the inspection party were, president Newman, of both L. E. & W. and Lake Shore; chief engineer Handy and general traffic manager Grammar, of the Lake Shore, and general manager Bradbury, general superintendent Hill, general freight agent Sweet, and general passenger agent Daly, of the L. E. & W.

BRAKEMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Brakeman Dowden of the C. H. & D. came very near losing his life in an accident at Sidney yesterday morning. While switching in the yards he fell from a ladder on the side of a car. The platform of the caboose struck him in the back and knocked him beyond the rails or he would have been ground to death beneath the wheels. Dowden received medical attention and was later removed to his home in Dayton. His injuries are not of a serious nature.

## RESULT OF THE DEAL.

The purchase of the L. E. & W. by the Vanderbilt people has resulted in at least one benefit that is derived by the L. E. & W. During the last few months the road has had more traffic to take care of than it could furnish cars for and within the last week the Lake Shore has transferred an abundance of "empties" to the L. E. & W. The greatest trouble now is the lack of sufficient motive power to move the cars as they are loaded.

## AN EXPENSIVE MISTAKE.

Van Buren Winters who some time ago brought suit against the B. & O. railroad for having been put off the train by a conductor, because the mileage ticket he offered was held not good, recovered the amount of the judgment he obtained against the company yesterday. He received a check for \$1,090, which included the interest from the time of the filing of the suit.

## NOTES.

Engineer Wm. Scott, of the P. Ft. W. & C. returned yesterday to Ft. Wayne after a visit with his daughter, Mrs. David O'Rourke, of south Pine street. His grandson Scott O'Rourke, accompanied him on his return for a short visit.

A silk train of five cars, loaded with silk from the Orient passed through Lima last night over the P. Ft. W. & C. The value of the cargo is estimated at \$30,000.

Mike Shea, the former well-known

## It Will Pay You to Visit

GOODING'S SATURDAY!

Take Advantage of Our Special Prices;

Men's \$4.00 Box Calf Shoes	\$2.98
Men's \$4.00 Tan Double Sole Shoes	\$2.98
Men's \$4.00 Black Vici Bals	\$2.98
Ladies' \$3.50 Double Sole Shoes	\$2.98

We still have about 100 pair of Ladies' \$3.00 Button Shoes, Special Price \$1.48.

Ladies' that can Wear Sizes 2½, 3, 3½ can Buy a Pair of Shoes worth \$3.00 for only \$1.00, at

Gooding's, 230 NORTH MAIN STREET.....

## NOW IS A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO BUY

Fur Collarettes.  
Fur Scarfs.  
Muslin Underwear.  
Children's Underwear.  
Children's Cloaks.  
Ladies' Waists and Skirts.  
Tailor Made Suits.

Our price inducements are such as the encourage buying NOW. Bargains in the true sense of the word are here.

Feldmann's Co. 209-211 N. Main Street.

## Free Messenger Service!

Your Add Carried FREE to The Times Democrat by A. D. T. Messenger.

Call

The Times Democrat or American District Telegraph Office.

Messengers Furnished for all Other Purposes, by A. D. T. Co., at a nominal charge.

GUS KALB, PRESIDENT,  
R. W. THRIFT, VICE PRESIDENT,  
HARRI O. JONES, CASHIER.

THE BANK OF LIMA,  
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

Does a General Banking Business, solicits the accounts of corporations, merchants and individuals, and extends to all the most favorable terms, consistent with safe and conservative banking.

Private boxes in a Safety Vault for rent, at \$2.00 year.

## HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All members are urged to be present at the meeting of the Humane Society tonight at 7:30 o'clock.

MRS. GERMANN, Sec'y.

## Piano Instruction.

Lynn B. Dana, room 30, Opera House block, second floor. Send for catalogue. 1-3 cod-1m

## Saturday Only.

Fine sausage, 8c, at Townsend's.

## GOLD WATCHES FREE.

With Cold Water Soap. Try it. 79-1m